

EU scientific regulatory support mechanisms and initiatives for innovation in drug development: the EMA perspective

FAMHP Workshop, Brussels, 2nd May 2016

Presented by Zahra Hanaizi Product Development Scientific Support Department





Acknowledgments

- M. Papaluca, Senior Scientific Advisor, EU-IN Co-chair
- C. Ziogas, SME office, EMA
- F. Ehmann, Innovation Task Force, EMA
- J. Llinares, EMA
- R. Hemmings, MHRA/EMA
- P. Kurki, FIMEA/EMA



Agenda

European Medicines Agency: introduction

The EMA Innovation Task Force

The EMA SME office

Priority Medicines (PRIME) initiative

The European Innovation offices Network



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EMA in the EU

Who do we work for?



500 million people living in the European Union 28



28 member states

27% of global sales of medicines

Desaúde sahha Plante saúde saúd

24 official languages



What do we do?

Facilitate development and access to medicines
 Evaluate applications for marketing authorisation

Protect human and animal health

• Monitor the safety of medicines across their life cycle

• Provide information on human and veterinary medicines to healthcare professionals and patients

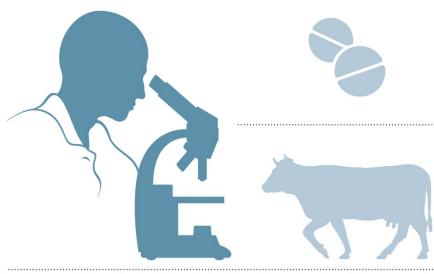


Who we are

~4000 Scientific experts from right across Europe

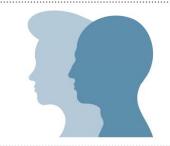
7 Scientific committees

™ 1000 marketing authorisations recommended



CHMP CVMP COMP HMPC PDCO CAT





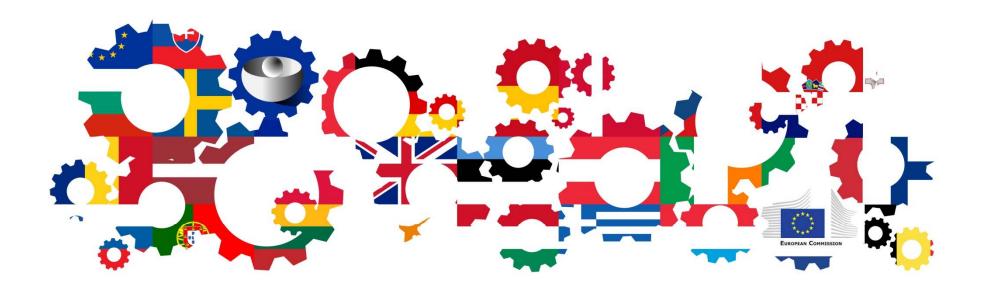
28 Working parties

~890 Staff members

1995 EMA established to evaluate medicines for use in the EU



The European medicines regulatory network



~ 50 national regulatory authorities

European Commission

European Medicines Agency



PRAC

How is EMA organised?

Management Board **Executive Director**

EMA staff

CHMP CVMP COMP HMPC PDCO

+ 28 working parties

+ 8 scientific advisory groups

National competent authorities ~4000 European experts

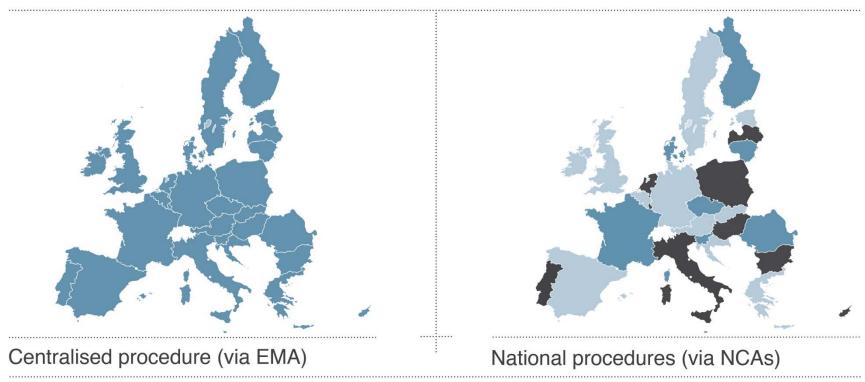


CAT



How are medicines approved?

Different authorisation routes: one set of common rules





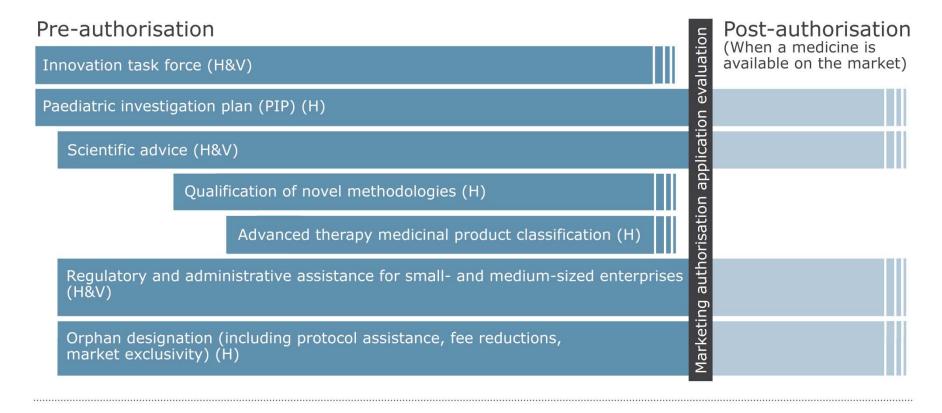
Which medicines are approved through the centralised procedure?



- Human medicines for the treatment of HIV/AIDS, cancer, diabetes, neurodegenerative diseases, auto-immune, and other immune dysfunctions, and viral diseases
- Medicines derived from biotechnology processes, such as genetic engineering
- Advanced-therapy medicines, such as gene-therapy, somatic cell-therapy or tissue-engineered medicines
- Officially designated 'orphan medicines' (medicines used for rare human diseases)



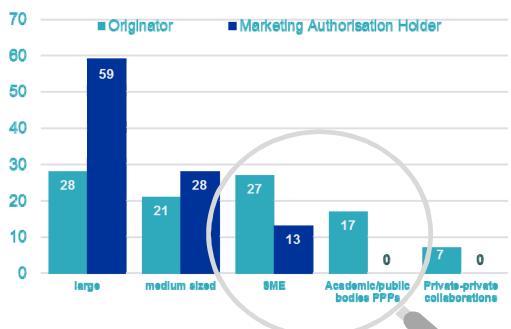
Supporting research and innovation of medicines



Innovation: origins of new medicines







EU 2010-2012

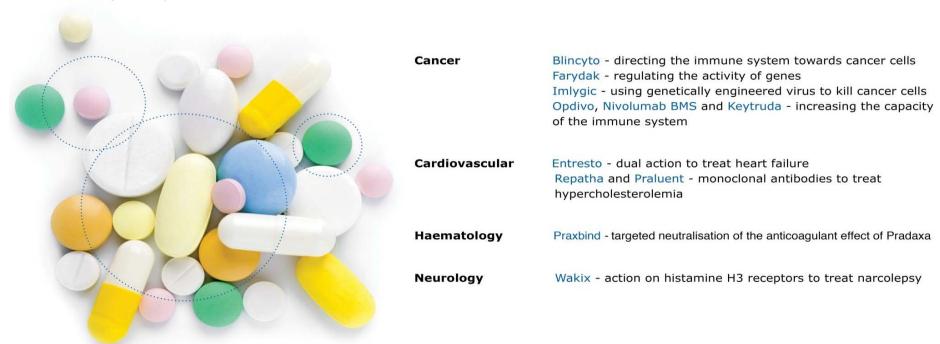
Of 94 novel *authorised* medicinal products:

- •Large majority marketed by large or intermediate sized companies.
- •SMEs and academia at the origin of innovation.



Advancing public health

Innovation in healthcare brings new opportunities to treat certain diseases and is essential to advancing public health. Noteworthy therapeutic innovations in 2015 included:





EU Medicines Agencies Network Strategy to 2020

Focus on key **Ensure timely** Increase **Promote 'better** public health availability regulation' access to new priorities beneficial and & promote including development safe medicines availability and of innovative for patients medicines **AMR** Support for patient focused innovation & contribute to a vibrant life science sector Strengthen Focus on key functioning of the internal public and animal health transparency priorities including AMR Assure product Convergence of Strive for operational supply chain global excellence and data standards and integrity contribution to international fora Support training Ensure best use Strengthen the links with other and capacity of resources authorities and building and with promote the EU stakeholders regulatory & work sharing model FAMHP workshop, 2 May 2016

Includes objectives to:

- Support for patient focused innovation and contribute to a vibrant life science sector in Europe
- Greater collaboration across network to support innovation
- Consider further regulatory incentives for innovation, particularly in certain areas of public health need



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EMA Innovation Task Force (ITF)



Multidisciplinary platform for preparatory dialogue and orientation on innovative methods, technologies and medicines

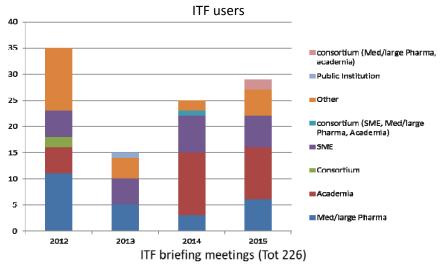


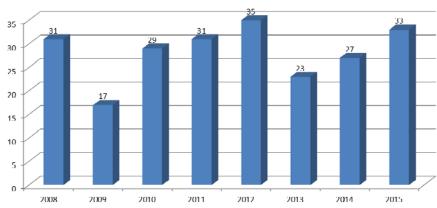
FAMHP workshop, 2 May 2016

- Early dialogue on scientific, legal and regulatory issues
- Address the impact of emerging therapies and technologies on current regulatory system
- Identify the need for specialised expertise at an early stage
- Provide advice on the eligibility to Agency procedures relating to research and development, e.g. borderline products
- Increase awareness and learning in emerging therapies and technologies at the Agency

EMA ITF briefing meetings







- Informal exchange of information and provision of guidance early in the development process.
- Discussions led by experts from the Agency's network, working parties and committees
- formal regulatory procedures, such as ATMP) classification and certification, designation of orphan medicinal products and scientific advice.



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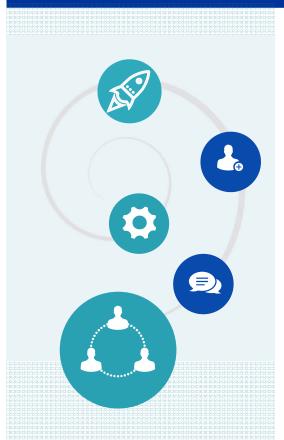
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The EMA SME Office





SME Office launch

December 2005.

A single interface

"One-stop-shop."

Assistance to SMEs

Regulatory, administrative and procedural support.

Facilitates communication

Of SMEs in veterinary and human pharma sector.

Coordinating & networking

Working closely with EU.

SME Office tailoring assistance to SMEs

A strategic regulatory toolbox to

promote innovation and

development of

new medicines by SMEs.



- Validation of SMEs status
- Regulatory Assistance
- Fee Incentives
- Translation Assistance
- Training and Awareness





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PRIME scheme - Goal & Scope

To foster the development of *medicines with major public health interest*.



Reinforce scientific and regulatory advice

- Foster and facilitate early interaction
- Raise awareness of requirements earlier in development



Optimise development for robust data generation

- Focus efficient development
- Promote generation of robust and high quality data



Enable accelerated assessment

- Facilitated by knowledge gained throughout development
- Feedback of relevant SA aspects to CHMP

Building on existing framework:

Eligibility according to existing 'Accelerated Assessment criteria'



Features of the PRIME scheme

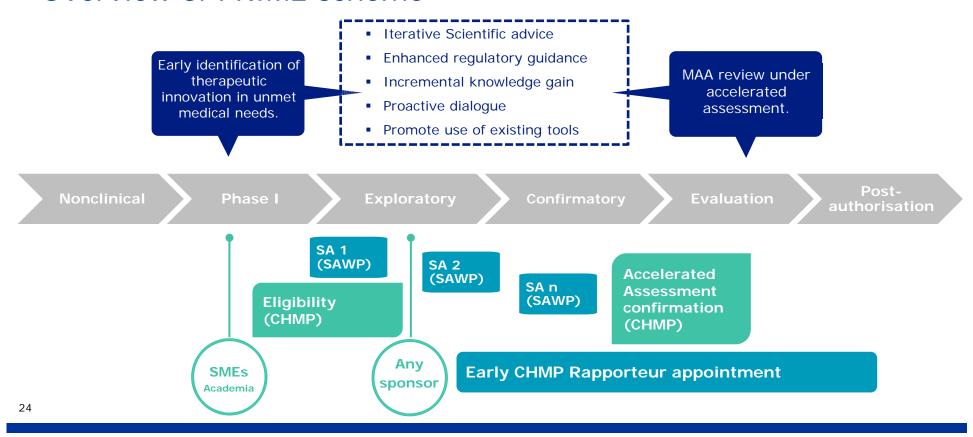
Early access tool, supporting patient access to innovative medicines.



- Written confirmation of PRIME eligibility and potential for accelerated assessment;
- Early CHMP Rapporteur appointment during development;
- Kick off meeting with multidisciplinary expertise from EU network;
- Enhanced scientific advice at key development milestones/decision points;
- EMA dedicated contact point;
- Fee incentives for SMEs and academics on Scientific Advice requests.



Overview of PRIME scheme





Justification for eligibility to PRIME

For products under development yet to be placed on the EU market



Unmet medical need

- •Epidemiological data about the disease
- •Description of available diagnostic, prevention and treatment options/standard of care (SOC), their effect and how medical need is not fulfilled

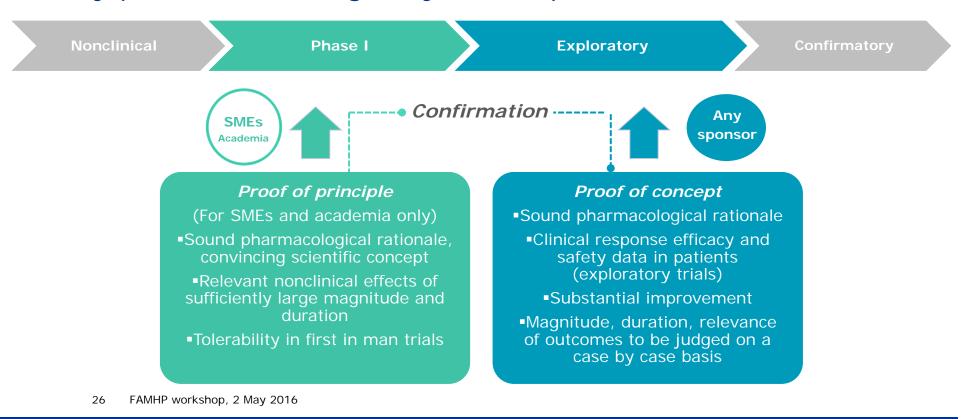
Potential to significantly address the unmet medical need

- Description of observed and predicted effects, clinical relevance, added value and impact
- •If applicable, expected improvement over existing treatments

Data required at different stages of development



Entry points PRIME eligibility and required evidence





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EU innovation network (EU-IN)



EMA ITF + 12 National innovation offices/contact points

Regular teleconferences

Aims to share information related to innovative drug development and initiate early dialogue with developers

Supporting Innovation in the EU NCAs

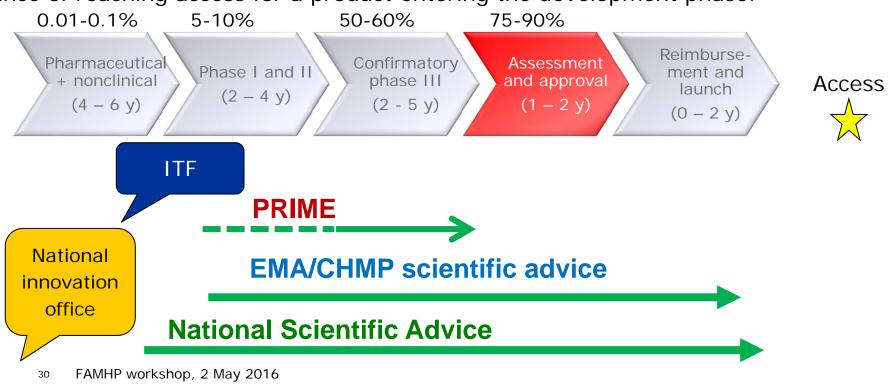






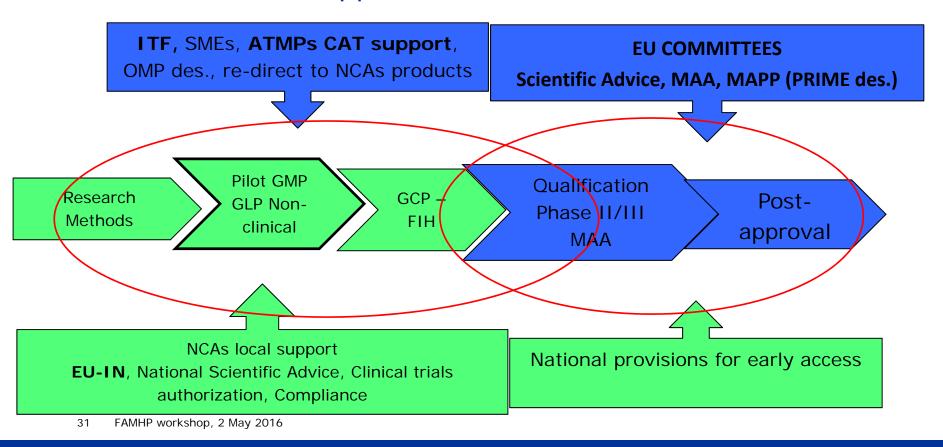
The typical long route of medicines to patients

Chance of reaching access for a product entering the development phase:





For an EU seamless support to Innovation





Is this a medicine?
Is there any money?
Has this method a potential in R&D?

National Innovation Office: awareness,

awareness, requirements, issues identification, funding opportunitie

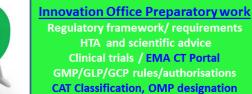
EMAITF

NCA support/experts briefing meetings
H2020/IMI relevant initiatives
SMEs incentives/information/visibility



EU -IN

Innovation scan, Issues, Precedents, Support Is this a medicine?
Is there any money?
Has this a potential for medicine R&D?



Pilot GMP GLP Nonclinical

GCP - FIH



Phase II

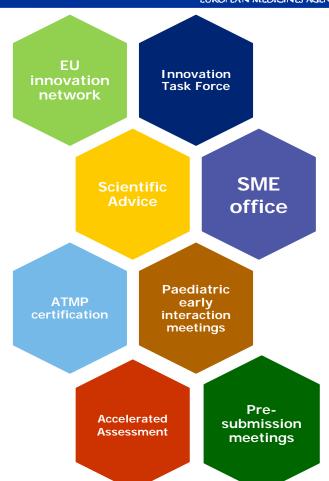
EU Scientific Advice + HTA PRIME, MAPP, EARLY EU and National Access opportunities, Postauthorisation requirements





Collaboration across EU network to support innovation







Thank you for your attention

Further information

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